



USPE Anti-Doping Declaration

Update: March 2017

I, **Forename**..... **Name**....., herewith confirm that I know and acknowledge the USPE Anti-Doping Regulations, the WADA World Anti-Doping Code, the International Standard for Testing and Investigation, the International Standard for TUE, the International Standard - Prohibited List and the International Standard for the Protection of Privacy.
Doping constitutes a violation of the USPE Anti-Doping Regulations.

Violations of Anti-Doping Regulations are:

1. Presence of a Prohibited Substance or its Metabolites or Markers in an Athlete's Sample

- it is each athlete's personal duty to ensure that no Prohibited Substance enters his or her body. athletes are responsible for any Prohibited Substance or its metabolites or Markers found to be present in their Samples. Accordingly, it is not necessary that intent, fault, negligence or knowing use on the athlete's part be demonstrated in order to establish an anti-doping rule violation.
- presence of a Prohibited Substance or its Metabolites or Markers in the athlete's A Sample where the athlete waives analysis of the B Sample and the B Sample is not analyzed; or, where the athlete's B Sample is analyzed and the analysis of the athlete's B Sample confirms the presence of the Prohibited Substance or its Metabolites or Markers found in the athlete's A Sample; or, where the athlete's B Sample is split into two bottles and the analysis of the second bottle confirms the presence of the prohibited Substance or its Metabolites or Markers found in the first bottle.
- Excepting those substances for which a quantitative threshold is specifically identified in the Prohibited list, the presence of any quantity of a Prohibited Substance or its Metabolites or Markers in an athlete's Sample shall constitute an anti-doping rule violation.
- As an exception to the general rule mentioned before, the Prohibited list or international Standards may establish special criteria for the evaluation of Prohibited Substances that can also be produced endogenously

2. Use or Attempted Use by an Athlete of a Prohibited Substance or a Prohibited Method

- it is each athlete's personal duty to ensure that no Prohibited Substance enters his or her body and that no Prohibited Method is used. Accordingly, it is not necessary that intent, fault, negligence or knowing use on the athlete's part be demonstrated in order to establish an anti-doping rule violation for use of a Prohibited Substance or a Prohibited Method.
- The success or failure of the use or attempted use of a Prohibited Substance or Prohibited Method is not material. It is sufficient that the Prohibited Substance or Prohibited Method was used or attempted to be used for an anti-doping rule violation to be committed

3. Evading, Refusing or Failing to Submit to Sample Collection

- Evading Sample collection, or without compelling justification, refusing or failing to submit to Sample collection after notification as authorized in applicable anti-doping rules.

4. Whereabouts Failure

- Any combination of three missed tests and/or filing failures, as defined in the international Standard for Testing and investigations, within a twelve-month period by an athlete in a registered testing Pool

USPE Anti-Doping Declaration

5. Tampering or Attempted Tampering with any part of Doping Control

- Tampering shall include, without limitation, intentionally interfering or attempting to interfere with a doping Control official, providing fraudulent information to an anti-doping organization or intimidating or attempting to intimidate a potential witness.

6. Possession of a Prohibited Substance or a Prohibited Method

- Possession by an athlete In-Competition of any Prohibited Substance or any Prohibited Method, or Possession by an athlete out-of-Competition of any Prohibited Substance or any Prohibited Method which is prohibited out-of-Competition unless the athlete establishes that the Possession is consistent with a Therapeutic Use Exemption ("TUE") granted in accordance with the procedure or other acceptable justification.
- Possession by an athlete Support Person In-Competition of any Prohibited substance or any Prohibited Method, or Possession by an athlete Support Person out-of-Competition of any Prohibited Substance or any Prohibited Method which is prohibited out-of-Competition in connection with an athlete, Competition or training, unless the athlete Support Person establishes that the Possession is consistent with a TUE granted to an athlete in accordance with the procedure or other acceptable justification.

7. Trafficking or Attempted Trafficking in any Prohibited Substance or Prohibited Method

8. Administration or Attempted Administration to any Athlete In-Competition of any Prohibited Substance or Prohibited Method, or Administration or Attempted Administration of any Prohibited Substance or any Prohibited Method that is prohibited Out-of-Competition

9. Complicity

Assisting, encouraging, aiding, abetting, conspiring, covering up or any other type of intentional complicity involving an anti-doping rule violation, attempted anti-doping rule violation or violation of the provision related to the Prohibition against Participation during Ineligibility by another Person.

10. Prohibited Association

I will not use a substance or a method from the Prohibited List in order to treat a medical disease unless I have been granted a TUE.

In case I possess such a TUE, I undertake the obligation to present it before the beginning of the sport event and to declare the prohibited substance or method on the Doping Control Form.

The undersigned accepts full personal responsibility for compliance with the above set of rules. He/she accepts that any violation of these regulations will give rise to sanctions, in particular with regard to cost of proceedings and the respective measures governed by the applicable national provisions of the member countries.

Venue, date

Signature